

Carbonite Server Backup

Director 8.6

Installation Guide



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The Carbonite Server Backup Agent, Carbonite Server Backup CentralControl, and Carbonite Server Backup Director applications have the encryption option of AES (Advanced Encryption Standard). Advanced Encryption Standard algorithm (named Rijndael, pronounced “Rain Doll”) was developed by cryptographers Dr. Joan Daemen and Dr. Vincent Rijmen. This algorithm was chosen by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) of the U.S. Department of Commerce to be the new Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS).

The Carbonite Server Backup Agents and Carbonite Server Backup Director applications also have the added security feature of an over the wire encryption method.

Document History

Version	Date	Description
1	September 2021	Initial installation guide provided for Director 8.6x.

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1 Overview

Carbonite Server Backup Director is an online data vault that securely receives, stores and manages backup data from servers where Agents are installed.

This guide includes procedures for installing:

- Standard vaults. You can use a standard vault as a standalone vault that does not replicate data to or receive data from another vault. You can also set up replication between a standard vault and another vault. See [Install a standard vault](#).
- Satellite vaults. A Satellite vault is installed at a customer location to allow for quick, local backups. Backups are then replicated to a standard vault in the cloud or in a secondary location in the customer's environment. See [Configure and install a Satellite vault](#).
- Director UI, the graphical user interface (GUI) for managing vaults, on its own. See [Install the Director UI](#). The Director UI is also installed when you install a vault.

When installing a vault, you can also install the Reporting service and register it to Carbonite Server Backup API – Monitoring. The Reporting service sends vault data to API – Monitoring and is required for deleting data from vaults in response to requests from Carbonite Server Backup Portal. See [Install the Reporting service and register it to API – Monitoring](#).

The guide also includes information and procedures for:

- Silently installing and upgrading vaults. See [Silently install or upgrade a vault](#).
- Setting up data replication between vaults. See [Set up data replication between vaults](#).
- Upgrading and uninstalling vaults. See [Upgrade a vault](#) and [Uninstall a vault](#).

For supported platforms and prerequisites, see the Director release notes.

1.1 Installation requirements

For information about supported platforms and other prerequisites, see the Director release notes.

1.1.1 Ports

The following table lists ports used by Director:

Port	Direction	Protocol	Description
443	Outbound	TCP	Communication with license activation server.
809	Inbound	TCP	Admin service (communication from Director UI and Vault API).
8080	Outbound	TCP	Admin service and Reporting service (registration with API – Monitoring)
5671, 5672, 8081	Outbound	TCP	Admin service and Reporting service (communication with API – Monitoring)
2546, 807	Inbound	TCP	Listener ports for backups and restores.
2547, 12547	Outbound	TCP	Command and data ports on a source vault in replication.
2547, 12547	Inbound	TCP	Command and data ports on a target vault in replication.

Note: For Web Reporting System programs, the vault allows outbound connections (usually TCP port 1433).

1.1.2 Permissions for running Director services

Each Director installation requires an Administrator account for running Director services. The Director installation process can automatically create a local VaultService account, or you can choose an existing account. The account name, including any domain name (i.e., *domainName\username*), can have a maximum of 20 characters. When a local VaultService account is created, the generated password for the account is 20 characters long and includes uppercase, lowercase, numeric and special characters.

The Administrator account must have sufficient privileges to run the Director services (i.e., "Log on as a service"). The Director installation will fail if these privileges are not provided. Please ensure that the account and any relevant domain policies are configured properly before proceeding with the installation.

Note: If you change the account for running Director services after the Reporting service is registered to API – Monitoring, you must re-register the Reporting service to the API to retain Reporting service and data deletion functionality.

1.1.3 Windows optimization for background services

For best Director performance, optimize Windows performance for background services.

2 Install a standard vault

A standard vault can act as a standalone vault that does not replicate data to or receive data from another vault. You can also set up replication between a standard vault and another vault. See [Set up data replication between vaults](#).

When you install a Director 8.6 vault, SQL Server 2017 Express is installed as the vault database engine.

When you install a standard vault, you can also install the Reporting service and register it to Carbonite Server Backup API – Monitoring. The Reporting service sends data to API – Monitoring and is required for deleting data in response to requests from Carbonite Server Backup Portal.

After installing a standard vault, you must activate vault licenses. See the *Director User Guide* or online help.

You can install a standard vault on a virtual machine (VM) in Microsoft Azure. The Director installer detects when a vault is being installed on a VM in Azure, and creates a primary storage location for all attached drives, except C and D. Please note that Reporting service functionality is not supported on a VM in Azure.

To install a standard vault:

1. Double-click the Director installation kit.
2. On the Welcome page, click **Next**.
3. On the release notes page, click **Next**.
4. Read the software license agreement. Select **I accept the terms of the license agreement**, and then click **Next**.
5. On the installation type page, select **Director, including UI**, and then click **Next**.
6. On the vault type page, select **Standard vault**, and then click **Next**.
7. On the vault license page, enter the vault license key that you received from your service provider, and then click **Next**.
8. On the destination location page, choose the installation location for Director files, and then click **Next**.
9. On the primary storage locations page, choose All Local Disks or a specific disk for storing vault data, and then click **Next**.
10. On the vault database page, specify locations for the vault database engine and data files, and then click **Next**.
11. On the email notifications page, specify whether Director will send email notifications when a job fails or is successful, and then click **Next**.

If emails will be sent when tasks fail or succeed, the notification recipients page appears. Enter a comma-separated list of email addresses for sending notifications, and then click **Next**. On the SMTP server page, enter the SMTP server for sending notifications, and then click **Next**.

12. On the account for running Director services page, do one of the following:

- To automatically create a local Administrator account named “VaultService” for running Director services, select **Create an account automatically**, and then click **Next**.
- To specify a custom Administrator account for running Director services, select **Use a custom account**. Enter account information in the **Username** and **Password** fields, and then click **Next**.
The account name, including any domain name (i.e., *domainName\username*), can have a maximum of 20 characters.

For more information, see [Permissions for running Director services](#).

The Director installation begins. Messages show the installation progress, and then the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard appears.

13. Do one of the following:

- Install the Reporting service as described in [Install the Reporting service and register it to API – Monitoring](#).
- Finish installing Director without installing the Reporting service by doing the following:
 - i. On the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard, click **Cancel**.
 - ii. In the confirmation message box, click **Yes**.
 - iii. On the InstallShield Wizard Complete page, click **Finish**.
Note: An *Installing Reporting Service* message appears, even though you are not installing the Reporting service. Please wait while the Director installation finishes.
A message box tells you how to activate the Director license.
 - iv. Click **OK**.
 - v. On the InstallShield Wizard Complete page, click **Finish**.

If you installed a vault in Azure, you must specify an externally-available IP address or fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) for connections for backups, restores and replication, and from the Director UI. See [Specify an IP address or FQDN for a vault in Azure](#).

2.1 Specify an IP address or FQDN for a vault in Azure

After installing a vault on a virtual machine (VM) in Microsoft Azure, you must specify an externally-accessible IP address or fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) for connections for backups, restores and replication, and from the Director UI.

To specify an IP address or FQDN for a vault in Azure, run the following command on the vault:

```
vaultop update_node_in_cluster  
externalAddress:<external_IPaddress_or_FQDN>  
internalAddress:<internal_IPaddress_or_FQDN>
```

Specify the same externally-accessible IP address or FQDN for the *external_IPaddress_or_FQDN* and *internal_IPaddress_or_FQDN* parameters.

3 Configure and install a Satellite vault

A Satellite vault is installed at a customer location, to allow for quick, local backups. Backups are then replicated to a standard vault in the cloud or in a secondary location in the customer's environment.

Before installing a Satellite vault, you must install a Base vault for N:1 replication, or Active and Passive Base vaults for N:1:1 replication. See [Set up Many-to-One \(N:1\) replication](#) and [Set up Many-to-One-to-One \(N:1:1\) replication](#).

Then, for each Satellite vault that you want to install, do the following:

- a. Add a customer on the Base vault or Active Base vault. See [Add a customer](#).
- b. Configure a Satellite vault on the Base vault or Active Base vault. When you configure a Satellite vault, the Base vault provides an authorization key. When installing a Satellite vault, you must enter an authorization key from a Base vault instead of entering a license key. See [Configure a Satellite vault on a Base vault](#).
- c. Install the Satellite vault. See [Install a Satellite vault](#).

If a Satellite vault fails, you can install a new Satellite vault to replace it. See [Replace a failed Satellite vault](#).

Note: In procedures in this section, the term "Base vault" refers to Base vaults in N:1 replication and Active Base vaults in N:1:1 replication.

3.1 Add a customer

Before you can install a Satellite vault, a customer for the Satellite vault must be created on the Base vault or Active Base vault. When you create a customer, you must also create a location, account and user.

To add a customer:

1. In the left pane of the Director UI, expand the Base vault where you want to add a customer.
2. Right-click Manage Customers/Orgs, Safesets, Tasks, and select **Add New Customer**.
3. On the Welcome page of the New Organization/Customer wizard, click **Next**.
4. On the General Organization/Customer Information page, type the customer's name and address, and click **Next**.
5. On the Contact Information page, type the customer's phone number, email address, website, and contact person, and then click **Next**.
6. On the Default Location page, type a default location name and billing code, and then click **Next**.
The billing code (also known as a location code) can be 5-20 characters in length, and can only include alphanumeric characters and dashes (-).
7. On the Account and User Information page, type an account name, user name, and user password, and then click **Next**.

Note: The account name must be unique across the entire vault.

Note: The maximum password length is 31 characters.

8. On the Account Base Operating Mode page, select the operating mode for the account.
9. On the Account Storage Locations page, do one of the following:
 - If you do not want to select storage areas for the account, click **Next**. You can do this later.
 - If you want to select a secondary storage and/or archive storage location, and then click **Next**.
To create a secondary or archive storage group, click **Storage locations**. In the Storage Locations dialog box, add secondary and/or archive storage group and locations. For more information, see the *Director User Guide* or online help.
10. On the Customer Quotas page appears, select each feature (Storage, or a type of Agent or plug-in) and click **Set Quota**. In the Organization/Customer Quota dialog box, select **Unlimited** or enter a quota number for the customer in the **Set quota** area, and then click **OK**.
11. Click **Next**.
12. Click **Finish**.

3.2 Configure a Satellite vault on a Base vault

After installing appropriate licenses and creating a customer, you can configure a Satellite vault on the Base vault or Active Base vault.

When you configure a Satellite vault, the Base vault provides an authorization key (previously known as the OTRK). When installing a Satellite vault, you must enter the authorization key.

To configure a Satellite vault on a Base vault:

1. In the Director UI, click the Base vault.
The Base vault must be licensed for Many to one (N:1) replication.
2. In the **Base Replication** menu, click **Configure Satellites**.
3. In the Satellite Vaults Configuration dialog box, click **New**.
4. In the **Select the customer that will use this Satellite vault** list, select the customer. Only one customer can be associated with a Satellite vault.
5. In the **Select quota for this Satellite vault** field, select a Satellite vault storage quota. Available storage quotas are determined by the Satellite vault licenses added on the Base vault.
6. Record the authorization key. You use this key when installing a Satellite vault.
7. Click **OK**.
8. Click **Close**.

3.3 Install a Satellite vault

After configuring a Satellite vault on a Base vault or Active Base vault, you can install a Satellite vault.

When you install a Satellite vault, you must enter the authorization key that was generated when you configured the Satellite vault on the Base vault. See [Configure a Satellite vault on a Base vault](#).

When you install a Director 8.6x vault, SQL Server 2017 Express is installed as the vault database engine.

To install a Satellite vault:

1. Double-click the Director installation kit.
2. On the Welcome page, click **Next**.
3. On the release notes page, click **Next**.
4. Read the software license agreement. Select **I accept the terms of the license agreement**, and then click **Next**.
5. On the installation type page, select **Director, including UI**, and then click **Next**.
6. On the vault type page, click **Satellite vault**, and then click **Next**.
7. On the destination location page, choose the installation location for Director files, and then click **Next**.
8. On the primary storage locations page, choose All Local Disks or a specific disk for storing vault data, and then click **Next**.
9. On the vault database page, specify locations for the vault database engine and data files, and then click **Next**.
10. On the email notifications page, specify whether Director will send email notifications when a job fails or is successful, and then click **Next**.

If emails will be sent when tasks fail or succeed, the notification recipients page appears. Enter a comma-separated list of email addresses for sending notifications, and then click **Next**. On the SMTP server page, enter the SMTP server for sending notifications, and then click **Next**.

11. On the Director services account page, do one of the following:
 - To automatically create a local Administrator account named “VaultService” for running Director services, select **Create an account automatically**.
 - To specify a custom Administrator account for running Director services, select **Use a custom account**. Enter account information in the **Username** and **Password** fields.
The account name, including any domain name (i.e., *domainName\username*), can have a maximum of 20 characters.

For more information, see [Permissions for running Director services](#).

12. Click **Next**.

Director is installed. SQL Server Express is also installed as the vault database engine.

13. On the Register the Satellite Vault to a Base Vault page, do the following:
 - In the **Base vault address** field, enter the Base vault address.
 - In the **Port** field, enter the port number that the Satellite vault will use to communicate with the Base vault.
You can find this port in the Base vault’s Vault Settings dialog box, on the Replication tab, in the **Command channel port** field.

- In the **Authorization key** field, enter the Base vault authorization key.
The authorization key (previously known as the OTRK) is provided when you configured the Satellite vault on the Base vault. See [Configure a Satellite vault on a Base vault](#).

14. Click **Register**.

15. On the Registration Confirmation page, click **Next**.

Installation messages appear, followed by the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard.

16. Do one of the following:

- Install the Reporting service as described in [Install the Reporting service and register it to API – Monitoring](#).
- Finish installing Director without installing the Reporting service by doing the following:
 - i. On the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard, click **Cancel**.
 - ii. In the confirmation message box, click **Yes**.
 - iii. On the InstallShield Wizard Complete page, click **Finish**.

Note: An *Installing Reporting Service* message appears, even though you are not installing the Reporting service. Please wait while the Director installation finishes.

A message box tells you how to activate the Director license.

- iv. Click **OK**.
- v. On the InstallShield Wizard Complete page, click **Finish**.

3.4 Replace a failed Satellite vault

To replace a failed Satellite vault:

1. Select the Base vault or Active Base vault in the left pane of the Director UI.
2. Click **Base Replication** and select **Configure Satellites**.
3. Select the failed Satellite vault and click **Edit**.
4. Click the **Advanced** tab and select **Bypass Satellite**.
5. Click **OK**.
6. Select the failed Satellite vault and click **Edit**.
7. Click **Reset Key** and record the new authorization key. Click **OK**.
8. Click **Close**.
9. Uninstall the Satellite vault.
10. Install the new Satellite vault. Use the new authorization key and previous IP address. Allow replication to finish.
11. Select the Active Base vault in the left pane of the Director UI.

12. Click **Base Replication** and select **Configure Satellites**.
13. Select the Satellite vault and click **Edit**.
14. Click the **Advanced** tab and select **Normal Operation**. Click **OK**.
15. Click **OK** again.
16. Click **Close**.

4 Manage the vault certificate and certificate pinning

When you install a Director 8.60 vault or upgrade a vault to version 8.60, a self-signed TLS certificate is generated for the vault. This certificate is used for all vault services and is stored in the Local computer certificate store in `\Carbonite Server Backup\Certificates`.

You can replace the generated vault certificate with another self-signed certificate or a certificate from an enterprise or commercial Certificate Authority (CA). See [Import a vault certificate](#). You can also export the certificate from a vault. See [Export a vault certificate](#).

The vault certificate is used in certificate pinning, which can be enabled in Director 8.60. See [Enable agent-vault certificate pinning in a vault](#).

IMPORTANT: Do not enable certificate pinning until the intended TLS certificate for the vault is installed. If you enable this feature and then import a certificate with a different public key, agents that support certificate pinning will not connect to the vault until the certificate failure is resolved.

4.1 Import a vault certificate

You can replace the self-signed TLS certificate that is generated for a Director 8.60 vault with a certificate of your choice. The certificate can be another self-signed certificate or a certificate from an enterprise or commercial Certificate Authority (CA), and can be a wildcard certificate. The certificate must be in .pfx format.

To import a vault certificate:

1. At a command prompt, navigate to the Director Utils folder (`C:\Program Files\Carbonite Server Backup\Director\Utils`, by default).
2. Run the following command:

```
vaultop import_certificate certPathAndFilename certPassword
```

Where:

- *certPathAndFilename* is the full path and filename of the certificate that you are importing. The certificate must be in .pfx format. Enclose the path and filename in quotation marks if it includes spaces.
- *certPassword* is the password of the .pfx file that you are importing.

For example, to import a certificate from a `C:\Certificate\cert.pfx` file with the password “password1”, run the following command:

```
vaultop import_certificate C:\Certificate\cert.pfx password1
```

4.2 Export a vault certificate

You can export the certificate from a vault. This can be useful if you want to import the certificate into another vault.

To export a vault certificate:

1. At a command prompt, navigate to the Director Utils folder (C:\Program Files\Carbonite Server Backup\Director\Utils, by default).
2. Run the following command:

```
vaultop export_certificate certPathAndFilename certPassword
```

Where:

- *certPathAndFilename* is the full path and filename for the exported certificate, including the .pfx extension. Enclose the certificate path and filename in quotation marks if it includes spaces.

Note: The specified path must exist before you export the certificate.

- *certPassword* is the password for the exported .pfx file.

For example, to export the vault certificate to a C:\Exported Cert\cert.pfx file with the password "password2", run the following command:

```
vaultop export_certificate "C:\Exported Cert\cert.pfx" password2
```

4.3 Enable certificate pinning

Beginning in Director 8.60, you can enable certificate pinning. Certificate pinning is designed to prevent attackers from redirecting network traffic intended for legitimate vaults to servers under their control.

After this feature is enabled, when an agent that supports certificate pinning tries to connect to the vault (e.g., to run a backup or restore), it checks whether the public key of the vault's TLS certificate is the same as when the agent previously connected to the vault. If the public key of the vault certificate is different, the agent reports a certificate failure and will not connect to the vault.

If a certificate failure occurs, system administrators can determine whether a certificate change was expected or whether further investigation is required. If the certificate change was expected, a user can resolve the certificate failure using Portal 8.88 or later. The agent then records the new public key of the certificate, and backups and restores can continue. For more information, see the Server Backup online help.

IMPORTANT: Do not enable certificate pinning until the intended TLS certificate for the vault is installed. If you enable this feature and then import a certificate with a different public key, agents that support certificate pinning will not connect to the vault again until the certificate failure is resolved.

IMPORTANT: Certificate pinning cannot be turned off in a vault after it is enabled.

To enable certificate pinning:

1. At a command prompt, navigate to the Director Utils folder (C:\Program Files\Carbonite Server Backup\Director\Utils, by default).
2. Run the following command:

```
vaultop certificate_pinning
```


5 Install and register the Reporting service

When installing a vault or when upgrading a vault where the Reporting service is not installed, you can install the Reporting service. The Reporting service sends data to API – Monitoring and is required for deleting data in response to requests from Portal.

For data deletion, the Reporting service must be installed with each standalone, Base and Active vault and registered to Carbonite Server Backup API – Monitoring 1.30 or later. The Reporting service does not have to be installed with each Satellite and Passive vault; replication processes delete data from these vaults after a data deletion request. However, we recommend installing the Reporting service with each Passive vault and registering it to the API so that it is available if you have to fail over to the (formerly) Passive vault.

Note: Although it is not required for data deletion, the Reporting service must be installed with Satellite and Passive vaults and registered to API – Monitoring to provide data through API – Monitoring calls.

To register a Reporting service to API – Monitoring, we recommend using a registration token and registration URL. An API – Monitoring administrator can generate a registration token using the ObtainRegistrationTokenScript provided with API – Monitoring. For more information, contact the system administrator who installed API – Monitoring.

Note: You can also register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring using Client ID and Client Secret values from the last page of the API – Monitoring installation wizard. However, to ensure the security of your data, access to these values should be limited. Keep the Client ID and Client Secret private and secure.

To obtain values for registering the Reporting service to the API, contact the system administrator who installed API – Monitoring.

You can also register the Reporting service to the API using a command after the Reporting service is installed. See [Register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring](#).

The Reporting Service can only communicate with API – Monitoring with a secured channel using TLS. If API – Monitoring is installed with the HTTP communication protocol, a TLS termination proxy is required.

If the Reporting service will send data to an API – Monitoring instance with a certificate from a Certificate Authority (CA), the Director vault server must meet the following requirements:

- the trusted root certificate and intermediary certificate must be installed on the vault server, either manually or through Windows updates (for a certificate from a commercial CA).
- the vault server must be able to reach the CRL (certificate revocation list) to validate the certificate.

To install the Reporting service and register it to API – Monitoring:

1. Install or upgrade a vault as described in [Install a standard vault](#), [Install a Satellite vault](#) or [Upgrade a vault](#).
2. When the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard appears, click **Next**.
3. On the License Agreement page, read the license agreement. Select **I accept the terms in the license agreement**, and then click **Next**.

4. If a Password for Director services account page appears, enter the password of the custom Administrator account used to run Director services on the machine.

Note: The Password for Director services account page only appears if vault services are running using a custom Administrator account (i.e., not the VaultService account).

Note: If vault services are running using the VaultService account, the Vault Reporting service installer resets the VaultService account password.

5. On the Ready to Install the Program page, click **Install**.

The Reporting service is installed in a ReportingService subdirectory in the location where Director is installed (e.g., C:\Program Files\Carbonite Server Backup\Director\ReportingService).

After the registration service is installed, the API Registration Method page appears.

6. Do one of the following:

- To register the Reporting Service to API – Monitoring using a registration token, select **Register using a registration token**, and then click **Next**. On the API registration information page, enter values in the following fields:
 - **Registration URL** – Enter the Registration URL from the last page of the API installation wizard (e.g., `https://api.carbonite.com:8080`).
 - **Registration Token** – Enter a registration token from your API system administrator.

Note: To obtain values for registering the Reporting service to the API, contact the system administrator who installed API – Monitoring.

- To register the Reporting Service to API – Monitoring using a Client ID and secret, select **Register using a Client ID and secret**, and then click **Next**. On the API registration information page, enter values in the following fields:
 - **Registration Service URL** – Enter the Registration URL from the last page of the API installation wizard (e.g., `https://api.carbonite.com:8080`).
 - **Client ID** – Enter the Client ID value from the last page of the API installation wizard (Carbonite-Registration-Client).
 - **Client Secret** – Enter the Client Secret value from the last page of the API installation wizard (e.g., `fnrGRh1YTgZ8CGOFcH+qAfpCroV2g6+UDoIPaUDlycqr`).
- If you do not want to register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring, or you do not have the required registration information, select **I do not want to register the Reporting service to the API at this time**, click **Next**, and end the installation process. Later, you must register the Reporting service to the API as described in [Register the Reporting service to API - Monitoring](#).

Important: The Reporting service on any standalone, Base or Active vault must be registered to API – Monitoring before Director can delete data from these vaults in response to requests from Portal. Replication processes then delete the data from any associated Satellite or Passive vault.

7. Click **Register**.

When the Reporting service has been successfully registered to API – Monitoring, a confirmation message appears. Click **OK** in the message box.

8. Click **Next**.
9. Click **Finish**.

Messages appear while the installation finishes.

5.1 Register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring

You can register the Reporting service on a vault to API – Monitoring using a command. This is required if:

- You do not register the Reporting service to the API when you install the Reporting service.
- The password changes for the VaultService account or custom Administrator account used to run Director services.
- The account for running Director services changes after the Reporting service was already registered to API – Monitoring.

To register a Reporting service to API – Monitoring, we recommend using a registration token and registration URL. An API – Monitoring administrator can generate a registration token using the ObtainRegistrationTokenScript provided with the API. For more information, contact the system administrator who installed API – Monitoring.

Note: You can also register the Reporting service to the API using Client ID and Client Secret values from the last page of the API – Monitoring installation wizard. However, to ensure the security of your data, access to these values should be limited. Keep the Client ID and Client Secret private and secure.

To register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring:

1. In a PowerShell window, navigate to the directory where the Reporting service is installed.

By default, the Reporting service is installed in the following location: C:\Program Files\Carbonite Server Backup\Director\ReportingService

2. Do one of the following:

- To register the Reporting service to the API using a registration token, run the following command:

```
.\ReportingService.exe -cmdline -register -uri registrationURL -token registrationToken
```

To obtain the *registrationURL* and *registrationToken* values, contact the system administrator who installed API – Monitoring.

For example, you could run the following command to register the Reporting service to the API:

```
.\ReportingService.exe -cmdline -register -uri https://api.carbonite.com:8080 -token eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJqdGkiOiJtd1FIN0hWbE1tN3ZpVWZCMTFiU0xYZVEiLCJzdWIiOiJWYXVsdCI0dHA6LW9zY2h1bWZlMlY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vd3MvMjAwOC8wNi9pZGVudG10eS9jbGFpbXMvZXhwaXJhdGlvbiI6IjA3LzEyLzIwMTggMTM6NDA6MzAiLCJuYmYiOiJlcm46Y2FyYjpvYzpyZWdpc3RyYXRpb24ifQ.XxFL4RS76L0S4hNGyilubf7g3Faz3bzocVe87Q86Cx5TN6O4mn08Oyjpg1lea_ZetBxkRCBB_XL3vde7eSQTQdBSAksjvmw_A8QAmnW9dOnwb-T4F32snU_9XnHygYDaK3zMHfyAX-aUjk6DNP_HKJ11v8UTkIu6scM9_bxwi2vUzDC_8iGnVk26PcyADPMDbt82KqFccIhyU006v3Gmm9ZhB3dbs
```

```
iBKXw9WnRc12ZACJqzCidnFYj483_34qJNLFs1tFcIa2n-bVdOKs_XIK6AQEC1f6eJwt8NIt41  
Ih3naHR5s-UtbxfU5ZK7cCGWFxhmWTGR7KGcjSQN4d_bqx5h7Q
```

- To register the Reporting service to the API using a Client ID, Client Secret and Registration URL, run the following command:

```
.\ReportingService.exe -cmdline -register -uri registrationURL -id  
ClientID -secret ClientSecret
```

The *registrationURL*, *ClientID* and *ClientSecret* values are provided on the last page of the API installation wizard.

For example, you could run the following command to register the Reporting service to the API:

```
.\ReportingService.exe -cmdline -register -uri  
https://api.carbonite.com:8080 -id Carbonite-Registration-Client -secret  
YVR2TNq/h6AWGAwOGzeUz4xq4qEMdrwd7Jc70VTOf5bQX
```

6 Install the Director UI

You can install the Director UI, the graphical user interface (GUI) for managing vaults, without installing a vault. The Director UI is also installed when you install a vault.

A license is not required when you install the Director UI without installing the vault.

To install the Director UI only:

1. Double-click the Director installation kit.
2. On the Welcome page, click **Next**.
3. On the release notes page, click **Next**.
4. Read the software license agreement. Select **I accept the terms of the license agreement**, and then click **Next**.
5. On the installation type page, select **Director UI only**, and then click **Next**.
6. On the destination location page, choose the location for installing Director UI files, and then click **Next**.
7. Click **Finish**.

7 Silently install or upgrade a vault

You can silently install or upgrade a vault. A silent installation or upgrade does not require user interaction, and does not display any indication of its progress. For supported upgrade paths, see the Director release notes.

To silently install or upgrade a vault, do the following:

- a. [Record a response file](#)
- b. [Run a silent installation or upgrade](#)

IMPORTANT: To silently install Director 8.6x or silently upgrade Director to version 8.6x, you must first record a response file (.iss file) using the Director 8.6x installation kit. You cannot use a response file created with a previous Director version.

7.1 Record a response file

To silently install a vault, you must first create an InstallShield response file. The response file is a text file that stores user options for the installation or upgrade.

After creating a response file, you can edit options in the file. For example, you can change the license key and installation folder in a response file.

Notes:

- Installations and upgrades require separate response files. A response file that is generated for a fresh installation cannot be used for an upgrade.
- Sample response files are available. For more information, contact Support.

To record the response file:

1. At a command prompt, run the following command:

```
Director-8-6x-xxxx.exe /r /flc:\<responseFileName>.iss
```

2. Complete the installation wizard, selecting all options that you want to record for the silent installation or upgrade.

7.2 Run a silent installation or upgrade

After creating a response file, you can silently install or upgrade a Director vault. For supported upgrade paths, see the Director release notes.

A silent installation creates a new account named VaultService with administrative privileges. Vault services run under this account. The installation fails when you attempt to run services with a custom account.

When you install or upgrade a vault silently, the Reporting service is installed with the vault. The Reporting service sends data to API – Monitoring and is required for deleting data in response to requests from Carbonite Server Backup Portal. After the Reporting service is installed, you can register the Reporting service to the API as described in [Register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring](#).

Online activation is the only supported method of validating licenses during a silent installation. If the vault cannot access the activation server, the installation fails. There is no license validation for Satellite vaults in interactive or silent mode.

The installer returns zero for a successful installation and a return code when the installation fails or requires a reboot to complete. If the installation fails, the reason for the failure is added to the log file. If the installation requires a reboot to complete, the installer returns the value 3010.

After a silent Satellite vault installation, register the Satellite vault to a Base vault using the `replvault regsat` command. For more information, see the *Director User Guide* or online help.

Before an upgrade, we recommend bringing the vault offline. You can do this using the `vaultop` command. For more information, see the *Director User Guide* or online help.

To run a silent installation or upgrade, run the following command from a command prompt:

```
Director-8-6x-xxxx.exe /s /f1.\<responseFileName>.iss [KeepBackup]
[NoRegSAT] [NoAutoReboot] [NoOnline] [svServiceAccountUsername=<userName>
svServiceAccountPassword=<password>]
```

Where:

- `Director-8-6x-xxxx.exe` — the Director installation kit filename
- `<responseFileName>.iss` — the response file for the silent installation. The `.\` after `/f1` indicates that the response file is located in the same folder as the installer
- `KeepBackup` — Optional parameter. Keeps backup files and folders after the installation.
- `NoRegSAT` — Required for the installation of a Satellite vault. Removes the option to register the Satellite vault with the Base vault.
- `NoAutoReboot` — Optional parameter. When specified, the machine does not automatically restart after the installation if there is a pending reboot (when one or more files to be replaced were locked). If specified, the installer returns a value of 3010 if a reboot is required. Without this parameter, the system reboots automatically after the installation if there is a pending reboot.
- `NoOnline` — Optional parameter. When this parameter is specified, the installer will not request a transition of the node to Online when installation completes. This will prevent the node from coming Online and possibly starting new backup or restore operations prior to executing other manual upgrade operations. You can manually request an Online transition using the `vaultop` command. When this parameter is not specified, the system will automatically request transition to an Online state after a successful installation. In this case, the system will transition to the Online state when the services are restarted (after successful install, or after a pending reboot).
- `svServiceAccountUsername=<userName> svServiceAccountPassword=<password>` — Optional parameters. These parameters are only required if you are installing the Reporting service on a vault that uses a custom account to run Director services or where the password for the local VaultService

account has been changed. These parameters specify the name and password of the Administrator account used for running Director services.

After installing or upgrading the vault, you can register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring as described in [Register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring](#).

8 Set up data replication between vaults

To ensure that data is available for restore even if one vault is offline or unavailable, backup data can be replicated from one vault to another. This section describes how to set up:

- One-to-one (1:1) replication. In this configuration, which is typically used for Offsite Replication Services (ORS), data is replicated from an Active vault to a Passive vault.
For 1:1 replication, you must install and configure two standard vaults. See [Set up One-to-One \(1:1\) replication](#).
- Many-to-one (N:1) replication. In this configuration, which is typically used for Managed Service Providers (MSPs), data is replicated from Satellite vaults installed locally at customer locations to a Base vault in the cloud or at a secondary customer location.
For N:1 replication, you must install and configure one standard vault and one or more Satellite vaults. See [Set up Many-to-One \(N:1\) replication](#).
- Many-to-one-to one (N:1:1) replication. In this configuration, which is typically used for Cloud-Connected Service Providers (CCSPs), data is replicated from Satellite vaults to an Active Base vault and then to a Passive Base vault.
For N:1:1 replication, you must install and configure two standard vaults and one or more Satellite vaults. See [Set up Many-to-One-to-One \(N:1:1\) replication](#).

8.1 Set up One-to-One (1:1) replication

For 1:1 replication, you must install two standard vaults. One will be configured as the Active vault, and one will be configured as the Passive vault. The vaults must have approximately the same storage capacity.

To set up 1:1 replication between vaults, do the following:

- a. [Install an Active vault](#)
- b. [Install a Passive vault](#)
- c. [Set up the connection between the Active and Passive vault](#)

8.1.1 Install an Active vault

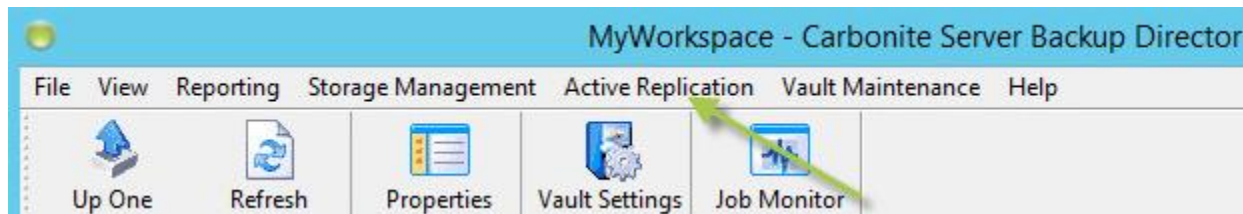
When installing an Active vault for 1:1 replication, you must add a vault license and a Replication One to One license. You can then install a Passive vault, and add the same vault and Replication One to One license that is installed on the Active vault.

To install an Active vault:

1. Install a standard vault that will act as the Active vault. See [Install a standard vault](#).
Data will be replicated from this vault to the Passive vault.
2. In the Director UI, add a vault connection for the Active vault.

- (If applicable) If the license you added during the installation did not include a Replication One to One license, add a Replication One to One license.

After a Replication One to One license is added, an Active Replication menu appears for the vault in the Director UI.



1:1 Replication services should be enabled automatically.

- Check that 1:1 replication services are enabled for the vault. Choose **Vault Settings** from the **Vault Maintenance** menu. On the Replication tab of the dialog box, ensure that the **Enable 1:1 replication services on 'vaultName'** check box is selected.

8.1.2 Install a Passive vault

When you install a Passive vault for 1:1 replication, you must add the same vault and Replication One to One licenses that are added on the Active vault.

The Active and Passive vaults must have approximately the same storage capacity. However, a Passive vault can require more storage space than an Active vault. When data is replicated after a safeset is deleted from an Active vault, the safeset is not deleted from the Passive vault until maintenance processes run.

To install a Passive vault:

- Install a standard vault that will act as the Passive vault. See [Install a standard vault](#).
Data will be replicated to this vault from the Active vault.
- In the Director UI, add a vault connection for the Passive vault.
- (If applicable) If the license you added during the installation did not include a Replication One to One license, add the same Replication One to One license that you added on the Active vault.

After a Replication One to One license is added, an Active Replication menu appears for the vault in the Director UI. This menu will change to a Passive Replication menu after you set up the connection between the Active and Passive vault.

1:1 Replication services should be enabled automatically.

- Check that 1:1 replication services are enabled for the vault. Choose **Vault Settings** from the **Vault Maintenance** menu. On the Replication tab of the dialog box, ensure that the **Enable 1:1 replication services on 'vaultName'** check box is selected.

8.1.3 Set up the connection between the Active and Passive vault

On the Active vault, you must specify connection information for the Passive vault.

When the Active vault first connects to the specified vault, the vault is automatically configured as the Passive vault. The Passive vault must be empty, or it cannot be configured as Passive.

To set up the connection between the Active and Passive vault:

1. In the Director UI, click the Active vault connection.
2. Click **Active Replication** and select **Configure**.

The Active Vault Replication Configuration – *activeVaultname* dialog box appears.

3. On the **Connectivity** tab, enter Passive vault information, including the IP address, command port and data port. Enter a Windows account user name and password for connecting to the Passive vault.
4. Click **OK**.

In the Director UI, the Active Replication menu for the Passive vault changes to a Passive Replication menu.

8.2 Set up Many-to-One (N:1) replication

In many-to-one (N:1) replication, data is replicated from one or more Satellite vaults to a Base vault. For this replication configuration, you must install:

- One standard vault that is licensed as a Base vault.
- One or more Satellite vaults.

To set up N:1 replication:

1. Install a Base vault by doing the following:
 - a. Install a standard vault. See [Install a standard vault](#).

This vault will act as the Base vault. Data will be replicated from one or more Satellite vaults to this Base vault.
 - b. In the Director UI, add a vault connection for the Base vault.
 - c. (If applicable) If the license you added during the installation did not include a Replication Many to One license and Satellite vault licenses, add the required licenses.
2. Install one or more Satellite vaults. See [Install a Satellite vault](#).

8.3 Set up Many-to-One-to-One (N:1:1) replication

In many-to-one-to-one (N:1:1) replication, data is replicated from Satellite vaults to an Active Base vault and then to a Passive Base vault.

For this replication configuration, you must install:

- Two standard vaults. One will be configured as the Active Base vault, and one will be configured as the Passive Base vault. The vaults must have approximately the same storage capacity.
- One or more Satellite vaults.

To set up N:1:1 replication between vaults, do the following:

- a. [Install an Active Base vault](#)
- b. [Install a Passive Base vault](#)
- c. [Set up the connection between the Active and Passive Base vaults](#)
- d. [Install one or more Satellite vaults](#)

8.3.1 Install an Active Base vault

To set up N:1:1 replication, you must first install an Active Base vault. On the Active Base vault, you must add a vault license, a Replication Many to One license, a Replication One to One license, and a vault license for each Satellite vault.

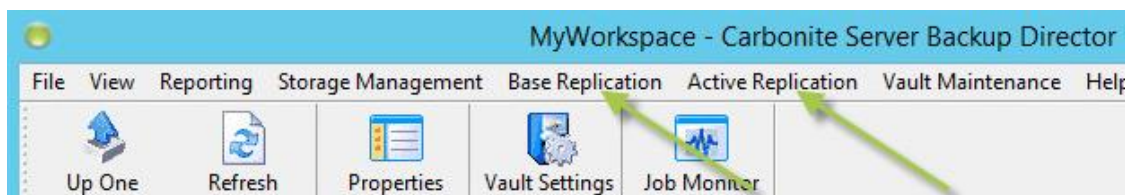
Satellite vault licenses are managed on the Active Base vault.

Note: Because each vault can have only one vault license, one of the replication licenses must be added using an add-on replication license key that is not bundled with a vault license.

To install an Active Base vault:

1. Install a standard vault that will act as the Active Base vault. See [Install a standard vault](#).
Data will be replicated from Satellite vaults to this vault, and from this vault to a Passive Base vault.
2. In the Director UI, add a vault connection for the Active Base vault.
3. (If applicable) If the license you added during the installation did not include a Replication Many to One license or a Replication One to One license, add the required licenses.

After a Replication Many to One license is added, a Base Replication menu appears for the vault in the Director UI. After a Replication One to One license is added, an Active Replication menu appears for the vault in the Director UI.



N:1 and 1:1 replication services should be enabled automatically.

4. Check that replication services are enabled for the vault. Choose **Vault Settings** from the **Vault Maintenance** menu. On the Replication tab of the dialog box, ensure that the **Enable N:1 replication services** and **Enable 1:1 replication services** check boxes are selected.

8.3.2 Install a Passive Base vault

After installing an Active Base vault, you can install a Passive Base vault. On the Passive Base vault, you must add the same vault, Replication Many to One, Replication One to One, and Satellite vault licenses that you added on the Active Base vault. When the Active Base vault first communicates with the Passive Base vault, the vault is automatically configured as passive.

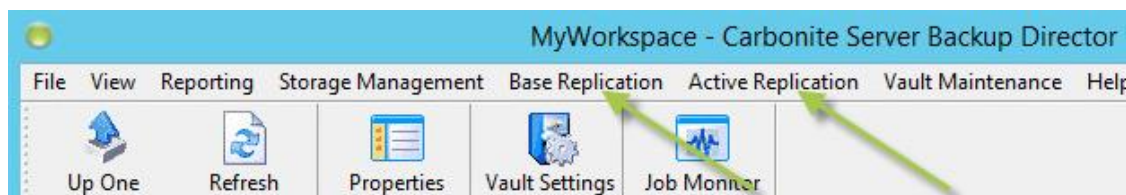
The Active Base vault and Passive Base vault must have approximately the same storage capacity. However, a Passive Base vault can require more storage space than an Active Base vault. When data is replicated after a safeset is deleted from an Active Base vault, the safeset is not deleted from the Passive Base vault until maintenance processes run.

To install a Passive Base vault:

1. Install a standard vault that will act as the Passive Base vault. See [Install a standard vault](#).
Data will be replicated to this vault from the Active Base vault.
2. In the Director UI, add a vault connection for the Passive Base vault.
3. (If applicable) If the license you added during the installation did not include a Replication Many to One license or a Replication One to One license, add the same license or licenses that you added on the Active Base vault.

After a Replication Many to One license is added, a Base Replication menu appears for the vault in the Director UI.

After a Replication One to One license is added, an Active Replication menu appears for the vault in the Director UI. This menu will change to a Passive Replication menu after you set up the connection between the Active and Passive vault.



N:1 and 1:1 replication services should be enabled automatically.

4. Check that replication services are enabled for the vault. Choose **Vault Settings** from the **Vault Maintenance** menu. On the Replication tab of the dialog box, ensure that the **Enable N:1 replication services** and **Enable 1:1 replication services** check boxes are selected.

8.3.3 Set up the connection between the Active and Passive Base vaults

On the Active Base vault, you must specify connection information for the Passive Base vault.

When the Active Base vault first connects to the specified vault, the vault is automatically configured as the Passive vault. The Passive Base vault must be empty, or it cannot be configured as Passive.

To set up the connection between the Active and Passive Base vaults:

1. In the Director UI, click the Active Base vault connection.
2. Click **Active Replication** and select **Configure**. The Active Vault Replication Configuration – *activeBaseVaultname* dialog box appears.
3. On the **Connectivity** tab, enter the Passive Base vault IP address, command port, and data port. Enter a Windows account user name and password for connecting to the Passive Base vault.
4. Click **OK**.

In the Director UI, the Active Replication menu for the Passive Base vault changes to a Passive Replication menu.

8.3.4 Install one or more Satellite vaults

After installing an Active Base vault and configuring a Satellite vault for N:1:1 replication, you can install one or more Satellite vaults.

Satellite vault licenses are added on the Active Base vault. When you configure a Satellite vault, the Active Base vault provides an authorization key. When installing a Satellite vault, you must enter the authorization key from the Active Base vault instead of a license key.

Note: The Satellite vault configuration from the Active Base vault is not replicated to the Passive Base vault until the Satellite vault is installed and registered.

To install a Satellite vault, see [Install a Satellite vault](#).

9 Upgrade a vault

You can upgrade a vault. For supported upgrade paths, see the Director release notes.

To upgrade a vault for 1:1, N:1, or N:1:1 replication, see [Upgrade vaults for data replication](#).

It is recommended that you upgrade Carbonite Server Backup applications in the following order:

- Vault
- Portal
- Agent
- Plug-ins

9.1 Upgrade a vault

You can upgrade a vault. After a successful upgrade, existing agents and jobs continue to function and your vault licenses remain valid. You can restore data from new and previous backups.

Before upgrading a vault, check the Director release notes for supported platforms and upgrade paths. You should also verify that the vault server meets the minimum requirements for memory, disk space, hardware and software.

IMPORTANT: If your current operating system is not supported with Director 8.60, you must upgrade the operating system to a supported version before you can upgrade the vault to version 8.60.

IMPORTANT: When you upgrade a vault from Director 8.50 or an earlier version, the vault database engine is upgraded to SQL Server 2017 Express. A reboot may be required to complete the SQL Server upgrade procedure. Please plan your upgrade accordingly.

If you upgrade a vault where the Reporting service is not installed, you can choose to install it during the upgrade.

If you upgrade a vault where the Reporting service is installed, the installer will upgrade the Reporting service. If the Reporting service is registered to API – Monitoring before the upgrade, the Reporting service remains registered to the API after the upgrade.

If an upgrade fails, new directories are added to the Director installation folder. The new directories are prefaced with ~Admin, ~conf, ~database, ~prog, and ~registry. You can use these directories to reverse an unsuccessful upgrade. You can delete these directories if you do not need to reverse an unsuccessful upgrade.

To upgrade a vault:

1. Back up the vault. For database backup methods, see the *Director User Guide* or online help.
2. Make sure that there are no pending reboots on the machine.
3. Close any PowerShell windows.

4. Do one of the following:
 - (Recommended) Transition the vault into an offline state by doing the following:
 - i. In the left pane of the Director UI, click the + sign beside the vault.
 - ii. Click **Nodes**.
 - iii. Right-click the node and click **Offline** (to safely terminate in-progress backups before bringing the vault offline) or **Rampdown** (to allow backups to complete before bringing the vault offline. This might take a long time).
 - Stop the Listener service, and make sure that no backups or restores are running.

Note: In either case, if a backup, restore or other vault process is running during the upgrade, it will be terminated.

5. Close the Director UI.
6. Double-click the Director installation kit.
7. Read the software license agreement. Select **I accept the terms of the license agreement**, and then click **Next**.
8. On the Welcome page, click **Upgrade**, and then click **Next**.
9. If you are upgrading a Satellite vault, on the Director Setup Type page, select the **Do not perform reregistration on Base Vault** option.

If a warning message states that you cannot upgrade Director because the 'VMAdmin.exe' process is running, the Director UI is still open. To continue the upgrade, close the Director UI and click **Try Again**. If you click **Continue**, the upgrade will continue but a reboot will be required before vault services will start. You will be prompted to restart at the end of the installation. You can choose **Restart Now** (after which the services will start) or **Restart Later** (after which you will need to manually restart the machine before services will start).

The Director upgrade begins. Messages show the upgrade progress. The Reporting service installer then begins.

10. Do one of the following:
 - Install the Reporting service as described in [Install the Reporting service and register it to API – Monitoring](#).
 - Upgrade the Reporting service by doing the following:
 - i. Read the software license agreement. Select **I accept the terms of the license agreement**, and then click **Next**.
 - ii. On the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard, select **Upgrade** and then click **Next**.
 - iii. If the API registration method page appears, you can register the Reporting service to API – Monitoring as described in [Install the Reporting service and register it to API – Monitoring](#) or choose **I do not want to register the Reporting service to the API at this time** to skip the registration, and then click **Next**.

The API registration method page does not appear if the Reporting service is already registered to API – Monitoring. The Reporting service will remain registered to the API after the upgrade.

- iv. On the Maintenance Complete page, click **Finish**.
- v. On the Maintenance Operation Complete page, click **Finish**.
- Finish upgrading Director without installing the Reporting service by doing the following:
 - i. On the Welcome page for the Reporting service installation wizard, click **Cancel**.
 - ii. In the confirmation message box, click **Yes**.
 - iii. On the InstallShield Wizard Complete page, click **Finish**.

Note: An *Installing Reporting Service* message appears, even though you are not installing the Reporting service. Please wait while the Director upgrade finishes.

- iv. On the Maintenance Operation Complete page, click **Finish**.
11. Check that the vault services are running.
12. If the vault was transitioned to Offline in Step 4, set it back to Online using the Director UI.

9.2 Upgrade vaults for data replication

Before you upgrade vaults that are involved in data replication, please see the Director release notes to determine which vault versions are supported in many-to-one (N:1), one-to-one (1:1) or many-to-one-to-one (N:1:1) replication scenarios.

A target vault (that receives replicated data) must be upgraded to a supported version for replication before source vaults are upgraded. For example, in an N:1 scenario, the Base vault must be upgraded to a supported version for replication before Satellite vaults are upgraded. In an N:1:1 scenario, the Passive Base vault must be upgraded before the Active Base vault, and the Active Base vault must be upgraded before the Satellite vaults.

9.2.1 Upgrade standalone vaults for replication

You can upgrade a standalone vault and set up replication with the vault in a 1:1, N:1 or N:1:1 scenario.

Before you upgrade vaults for data replication, please see the Director release notes to determine which vault versions are supported in 1:1, N:1 and N:1:1 replication scenarios.

To upgrade a standalone vault to a 1:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the existing standalone vault. This vault will act as the Active vault.
2. Install a second vault to act as the Passive vault.
3. On the Active vault and Passive vault, add the same Replication – One to One license.

To upgrade a standalone vault to an N:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the existing standalone vault. This vault will act as the Base vault.
2. On the Base vault, add a Replication – Many to One license.

3. On the Base vault, add a satellite license for each Satellite vault.
4. Install Satellite vaults. Each Satellite vault must be a new installation with no existing data.

To upgrade a standalone vault to an N:1:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the existing standalone vault. This vault will act as the Active Base vault.
2. Install a second vault to act as the Passive Base vault.
3. On the Active Base vault and on the Passive Base vault, add the same Replication – One to One license and Replication – Many to One license.
4. On the Active Base vault and on the Passive Base vault, add a satellite license for each Satellite vault.
5. Install Satellite vaults.

9.2.2 Upgrade vaults in 1:1 replication

You can upgrade vaults in one-to-one (1:1) replication, or set up many-to-one (N:1) or many-to-one-to-one (N:1:1) replication with upgraded vaults.

Before you upgrade vaults that are involved in data replication, please see the Director release notes to determine which vault versions are supported in 1:1, N:1 and N:1:1 replication scenarios.

To upgrade vaults in a 1:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the Passive vault. This vault will continue to act as the Passive vault.
2. Upgrade the Active vault. This vault will continue to act as the Active vault.

To upgrade vaults from 1:1 replication to an N:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade one of the existing vaults. This vault will act as the Base vault.
2. Uninstall the other existing vault.
3. On the Base vault, remove the existing Replication – One to One license.
4. On the Base vault, add a Replication – Many to One license.
5. On the Base vault, add a satellite license for each Satellite vault.
6. Install Satellite vaults. Each Satellite vault must be a new installation with no existing data.

To upgrade vaults from 1:1 replication to an N:1:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the Passive vault. This vault will act as the Passive Base vault.
2. Upgrade the Active vault. This vault will act as the Active Base vault.
3. On the Active Base vault and Passive Base vault, add the same Replication – Many to One replication license.

Note: The vaults should already be licensed for 1:1 replication

4. On the Active Base vault and Passive Base vault, add a satellite license for each Satellite vault.
5. Install Satellite vaults.

9.2.3 Upgrade vaults in N:1 replication

You can upgrade Director vaults in a many-to-one (N:1) configuration, or set up many-to-one-to-one (N:1:1) replication with the vaults.

Before you upgrade vaults that are involved in data replication, please see the Director release notes to determine which vault versions are supported in N:1 and N:1:1 replication scenarios.

To upgrade vaults in an N:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the Base vault.
2. Upgrade each Satellite vault.

To upgrade vaults from N:1 replication to an N:1:1 configuration:

1. Upgrade the Base vault. This vault will act as the Active Base vault.
2. Install another vault to act as the Passive Base vault.
3. On the Active Base vault and the Passive Base vault, add the same Replication – One to One license and Replication – Many to One license.
4. Upgrade each Satellite vault.

10 Upgrade from Windows 2012 R2 to Windows 2016 on a server where Director is installed

This section describes how to upgrade the operating system from Windows Server 2012 R2 to Windows Server 2016 on a server where a Director vault is installed.

Note: This procedure does not describe how to upgrade Director or other Carbonite products.

You can use this procedure to upgrade the operating system for a Director vault which:

- Acts as:
 - An Active vault or Passive vault in 1:1 replication.
 - A Satellite vault or Base vault in N:1 replication.
 - An Active Base vault or Passive Base vault in N:1:1 replication.
 - A standalone vault.
- Uses SQL Server 2017 Express or SQL Server 2014 SP2 Express for the vault database engine, with either an EVAULT_DB or EVAULT_DB_V800 instance.

To upgrade from Windows Server 2012 R2 to Windows Server 2016 on a server where Director is installed:

1. Declare a maintenance window for the vault.
2. In the Director UI, select the vault and go to **Storage Management > Storage Groups and Locations**. Check whether any storage locations are located on the boot volume (e.g., C:\Vault8412558963).
If any storage locations are located on the boot volume, you must copy pool data from the boot volume in Step 7 of this procedure.
3. Using the Director UI, take the vault “Offline”.
4. After you confirm that the vault is “Offline”, stop all of the Director services:
 - Carbonite Server Backup Admin Service
 - Carbonite Server Backup Listener
 - Carbonite Server Backup Monitor
 - Carbonite Server Backup Queue Manager
 - Carbonite Server Backup Replication Service
 - Carbonite Server Backup Scheduler
5. Use the dbbackup command to back up the vault database. Follow the database backup instructions in the Director User Guide. The backup produces a data.bin file.
6. Stop the SQL Server service used by Director, and set the service startup to “Manual”.

If Director has not been upgraded from version 7.11, the SQL Server instance name is “EVAULT_DB”.

If Director was previously upgraded from version 7.11, the active SQL Server instance name is “EVAULT_DB_V800”. In this case, there will also be a SQL Server instance named “EVAULT_DB” that is already turned off and disabled. Do not change the startup setting for the EVAULT_DB SQL service in this case.

7. Save the following items in a secure location, in case you need to roll back the system or reinstall the operating system after a failed upgrade as described in [Recover from a failed Windows upgrade](#):
IMPORTANT: Do not save these items on the system being upgraded.
 - **Server hostname and IP addresses.** Record the hostname of the server and the IP addresses, if they are static.
 - **Drive letter configuration.** Record the letters and sizes of drives on the server. We recommend adding a text file in the root of each volume with the appropriate drive letter assignment as well as each location indicated.
 - **Exported Director registry values.** To export and save Director registry values, do the following:
 - i. At a command prompt, run the following command: `REGEDIT`
 - ii. In the Registry Editor, go to: `HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\EVault\InfoStage\Director`
 - iii. Right-click the “Director” key, and select **Export**.
 - iv. Save the exported .reg file in a secure location.
 - **Vault configuration folder (CONF folder).** Copy the `<Director root installation folder>\conf` folder, and save it in a secure location.
 - **Database.** Save the vault database backup (data.bin file) that was generated in Step 5 using the `dbbackup` command.
 - **Logs folder.** Copy the `<Director root installation folder>\logs` folder, and save it in a secure location.
 - **Reports Extractor.** If Reports Extractor is installed, copy the `<Director root installation folder>\data` folder, and save it in a secure location.
 - **Director UI workspace.** Save any Director UI workspace (.vmw) files in a secure location. By default, workspace files are found in `\Users\<user>\Documents\Carbonite Server Backup` for new Director installations. Workspace files are found in `\Users\<user>\Documents\EVault InfoStage` for some upgraded Director installations.
 - **Pool data.** If any pool data is located on your boot volume (as determined in Step 2 of this procedure), copy the entire folder structure, including all data files, from the system to a secure storage location. Make sure you have enough space to copy all of the pool data.
8. Upgrade the operating system from Windows 2012 R2 to Windows 2016, as documented by Microsoft.
Note: You must upgrade to the same edition of the operating system. Otherwise, all applications, settings and local files (including Director and vault data) will be removed.
9. Once the operating system has been upgraded and all Windows updates have been applied, do the following:
 - a. Set the SQL Server EVAULT_DB or EVAULT_DB_V800 service startup back to “Automatic” and start the service if it is not already running.
 - b. Start all of the Director services that you stopped in Step 4.
 - c. Launch the Director UI and set the vault to ONLINE.
 - d. Activate licenses on the vault. Vault processes will not operate without a new activation.
 - e. When the vault is ready, run some backup and restore tests to ensure that everything is running as expected.

10.1 Recover from a failed Windows upgrade

If an operating system upgrade fails on a server where a Director vault is installed, and the system cannot automatically return to its previous state, you might need to recover the server by reinstalling Windows Server 2012 R2 and reinstalling Director.

To proceed with the recovery, you need the items saved in [Upgrade from Windows 2012 R2 to Windows 2016 on a server where Director is installed](#). During the recovery, you must install the same operating system as before the failed Windows upgrade, and install the same version of Director.

To recover from a failed Windows upgrade:

1. Install the exact same operating system (i.e., same edition, service pack, etc.) that was used before the failed Windows upgrade. Set up the system using the same drive letter and volume size scheme that was used before the failed upgrade.
2. Rename the server to the exact same hostname that was used before the failed upgrade.
3. Install the exact same version of Director that was used before the failed upgrade.
4. Connect to the new vault with the Director UI to confirm that it is working. At this point, the vault is empty, with no configuration or data.
5. Stop all of the Director services:
 - Carbonite Server Backup Admin Service
 - Carbonite Server Backup Listener
 - Carbonite Server Backup Monitor
 - Carbonite Server Backup Queue Manager
 - Carbonite Server Backup Replication Service
 - Carbonite Server Backup SchedulerLeave the SQL service (EVAULT_DB) running.
6. Restore the vault database backup (data.bin) from Step 5 of [Upgrade from Windows 2012 R2 to Windows 2016 on a server where Director is installed](#) to the new vault installation:
 - a. Copy the data.bin file into a folder on a local drive (e.g., C:\CSB recovery\data.bin).
 - b. At a command prompt, go to the Director “prog” folder where DBBACKUP.exe resides.
 - c. Enter the following command:

```
dbbackup restore <path to data.bin file>
```

(e.g., `dbbackup restore c:\CSB recovery`)

Note: Do not include “\data.bin” in the path.
7. Start all of the Director services (listed in Step 5).
8. Launch the Director UI and verify the vault configuration (Storage Groups and Locations) and metadata (Customer, Locations, Accounts, Users, Agents and Tasks) are now available.

9. Stop all of the Director services (listed in Step 5). Leave the SQL service (EVAULT_DB) running.
10. Ensure that the server has the same drive letters as before the failed operating system upgrade.
11. If any pool data was copied from the boot volume before the upgrade, copy all pool data folders and files that were copied from the boot volume. The folder structure must be exactly the same as before the failed Windows upgrade.

Note: If you are replacing just the head (because all of the vault's pool files reside on an external storage system such as a SAN or NAS), skip this step; you do not need to copy pool files. Ensure the drive letters are the same as they were before the failed upgrade. For a NAS device, you should not need to make any changes to the storage. The UNC path locations are stored in the vault database, so once the new operating system is set up, it should automatically attach to the NAS locations.

12. If the Reports Extractor is used to upload data to EVault Reports, copy the Synchweb.cfg file (in ...\\Director\\conf) to the server.
13. Start all of the Director services (listed in Step 5).
14. Launch the Director UI and activate the vault licenses.

Once you complete this procedure, the new vault will come up as an exact copy of the old one.

11 Uninstall a vault

Uninstalling a vault removes the Director programs, services (including the Reporting service) and most configuration data. However, you must remove the backup data manually.

You can also uninstall the Reporting service without uninstalling the vault. See [Uninstall the Reporting service](#).

When you uninstall a vault, you can choose to keep the existing database files. The database files are named Vault.ldf, and Vault.mdf, and are usually saved in the <...>\Director\database directory.

To uninstall a vault:

1. Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
2. Click **Uninstall a program**.
3. Click **Carbonite Server Backup Director** in the list of programs.
4. Click **Uninstall**.
5. In the Carbonite Server Backup Director Setup Maintenance wizard, click **Next**.
6. In the confirmation message box, click **OK**.
Messages appear while Director is being uninstalled.
7. On the Uninstallation Complete page, select **Yes, I want to restart my computer now**, and then click **Finish**.

11.1 Uninstall the Reporting service

You can uninstall the Reporting service without uninstalling the vault.

The Reporting service is also uninstalled when you uninstall a vault. See [Uninstall a vault](#).

To uninstall the Reporting service:

1. Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
2. Click **Uninstall a program**.
3. Click **Carbonite Server Backup Reporting Service** in the list of programs.
4. Click **Uninstall**.
5. In the confirmation message box, click **Yes**.
6. On the Uninstall Complete page, click **Finish**.

12 Carbonite Server Backup Support

If you have a question about Carbonite Server Backup that isn't covered in this guide, our frequently-updated Knowledge Base contains comprehensive information. The Knowledge Base is your first stop when searching for any Carbonite Server Backup solutions you may need. We highly recommend searching here first for the quickest answers to your questions.

Knowledge Base: <http://support.carbonite.com/evault>

What can we help you with?

type a topic or question...

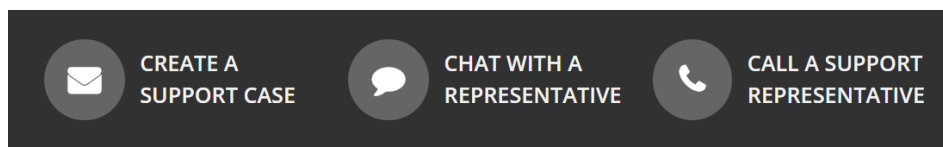
Search

Popular Searches
[pending reboot](#), [restore](#), [clnt-e-04103](#)

12.1 Contacting Carbonite

If you need live assistance from a qualified support agent, Carbonite Support is here for you 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (excluding US holidays). Please feel free to get in touch with us, and we'll help out any way we can! You can find the contact information for Carbonite Support in the Knowledge Base:

<http://support.carbonite.com/evault>



Tip: When contacting Support with a technical issue, please have both the program's log files and the store you are having difficulty with ready.

To gather log files, click **File** menu and choose *Open log folder*. Compress the contents of the folder in a .zip file and attach it to your support request.

If the log archive and/or mail store exceeds 10MB, you may not be able to send them as an email attachment. In that case, upload instructions will be provided to you upon request.